

**Report For
Indoor Air Quality Testing
At The
Middle School
14 Cross Road
Amherst, NH**

Study Date:
June 21, 2023

Project# 223 425.00

STUDY CONDUCTED BY:

UNIVERSAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS
12 Brewster Road
Framingham, New Hampshire

June 22, 2023

Mr. Roger Preston
Director of Facilities
SAU-39
1 School Street, P.O. Box 849
Amherst, NH 03057

Reference: Indoor Air Quality Testing
Middle School, Amherst, NH

Dear Mr. Preston:

Thank you for the opportunity for Universal Environmental Consultants (UEC) to provide professional services.

Enclosed please find the report for Indoor Air Quality Testing at the Middle School conducted on Wednesday, June 21, 2023.

Please do not hesitate to call should you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Universal Environmental Consultants



Ammar M. Dieb
President

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Enclosure

Scope:

UEC was contracted to perform an Indoor Air Quality Testing at the Middle School, Amherst, NH. Testing was performed at select areas within the school.

Testing was performed on Wednesday, June 21, 2023.

Methodology:

Testing for Total Volatile Organic Compounds (**TVOCs**) was performed using Q-Trak XP monitor manufactured by TSI Incorporated. This is a state-of-the-art instrument capable of detecting **TVOCs** in the ppb (parts per billion) and $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (micrograms per cubic meter) ranges. The instrument is a direct reading instrument and provides continuous results over an extended time. The unit is calibrated prior to use and serviced by an independent vendor annually.

Volatile organic compounds are a broad class of chemicals with diverse applications which are frequently emitted by new carpets, furniture, pressboards, varnishes, adhesives, and high gloss finishes. Other common products which may emit VOCs include construction materials, paints, paint strippers, other solvents, wood preservatives, aerosol sprays, cleansers, disinfectants, hand sanitizer, moth repellents, air fresheners, stored fuels, automotive products, hobby supplies, and dry-cleaned clothing. High levels of VOCs are a common Indoor Air Quality problem, especially in newly constructed, recently renovated, or currently being renovated buildings.

Carbon monoxide (**CO**), Carbon Dioxide (**CO₂**), Temperature (**°F**), and Relative Humidity (**%RH**) were measured using a Q-Trak XP monitor manufactured by TSI Incorporated. The unit is calibrated prior to use and serviced by an independent vendor annually.

Airborne particulate matter (**PM**) levels for **PM₁₀** and **PM_{2.5}** were tested using a Q-Trak XP monitor manufactured by TSI Incorporated. This is a state-of-the-art instrument capable of simultaneously detecting **PM₁₀** and **PM_{2.5}** in the microgram per cubic meter ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) range. The instrument is a direct reading monitor and provided sampling readings at 1 second intervals over the duration of each test. The instrument was zeroed prior to testing and is serviced annually by the manufacturer or an independent vendor.

Real time **PM** Measurement is a useful comparative measure of indoor and outdoor dust levels as well as identifying indoor sources of **PM**.

Samples were collected for approximately 5 minutes at each test location. No TWA (8-hour time weighted average) or other types or methods of sampling were included in the scope of work.

Results:

TEMPERATURE, RELATIVE HUMIDITY, CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE & TOTAL VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS by PID

Location	W	D	#	Temperature (°F)	Humidity %RH	CO (ppm)	CO ₂ (ppm)	TVOCs (ug/m ³)
Outside	-	-	0	58.6	81.2	0.0	356	0.0
Gym	C	O	0	69.5	57.9	0.0	345	0.0
Cafeteria	C	O	0	70.7	57.8	0.0	236	0.0
FACS	C	O	0	70.2	58.7	0.0	738	0.0
Wood Shop	C	O	0	70.4	58.6	0.0	457	0.0
Art	C	O	0	69.6	57.5	0.0	587	0.0
Main Office	C	C	0	69.7	57.3	0.0	497	0.0
Library	C	O	0	70.4	57.3	0.0	596	0.0
Room 31	C	C	0	69.2	58.5	0.0	675	0.0
Room 29	C	C	0	69.4	57.9	0.0	556	0.0
Room 25	C	O	0	69.8	58.7	0.0	345	0.0
Room 202	C	O	0	70.5	57.5	0.0	458	0.0
Room 102	C	O	0	71.3	58.2	0.0	268	0.0
Room 16	C	C	0	70.2	58.3	0.0	457	0.0
Room 3	C	O	0	70.5	57.7	0.0	569	0.0
Room 8	C	O	0	69.7	57.6	0.0	368	0.0
Room 13	C	C	0	69.4	57.3	0.0	647	0.0

Total PM - PM₁₀, Respirable, PM_{2.5} and PM₁

Location	PM 10 (mg/m ³)	PM 2.5 (mg/m ³)	PM1 (mg/m ³)
Gymnasium	0.003	0.002	0.002
Cafeteria	0.006	0.004	0.002
FACS	0.003	0.001	0.001
Wood Shop	0.002	0.001	0.0
Art Room	0.003	0.001	0.0
Main Office	0.001	0.001	0.001
Library	0.005	0.003	0.0
Room 31	0.005	0.001	0.001
Room 29	0.004	0.002	0.001
Room 25	0.007	0.002	0.002
Room 202	0.005	0.003	0.002
Room 102	0.007	0.002	0.002
Room 16	0.001	0.001	0.001
Room 3	0.003	0.002	0.002
Room 8	0.003	0.001	0.001
Room 13	0.001	0.001	0.001

Legend:

W: Windows; D; Doors; # Number of Occupants (e.g., 25 Occupants = 25); O = Open; C = Closed.

mg/m³ - milligrams per cubic meter; µg/m³ - micrograms per cubic meter.

ppm - parts per million; ppb - parts per billion.

CO OSHA PEL is 30 ppm and ACGIH TLV is 25 ppm.

CO₂ - OSHA PEL is 5000 ppm, Mass DOH Guideline is 800 ppm.

TVOC – Seifert “Target Guideline Value” of 300 µg/m³

Observations and Interpretation of Results:

Temperature and Relative Humidity (T & RH)

The outside **T** and **RH** were approximately 58.6°F and 81.2%. It is recommended that indoor **T** be maintained in a range of 70 - 78 °F and 40 to 60 % for indoor **RH** to provide for the comfort of building occupants.

Indoor **T** and **RH** were 69.4°F – 71.3°F and 57.3% – 58.7.0% during the test period. Indoor **T** tests were slightly lower than the recommended **T** range of 70 - 78 °F. Indoor **RH** tests were lower than the recommended **RH** range of 40 to 60 %.

TVOCs

No **TVOC** levels were detected during testing.

Carbon Monoxide

No **CO** levels were detected during testing.

Carbon Dioxide

CO₂ levels were lower than acceptable range. For comparative purposes, fresh outdoor air has approximately 400 ppm of **CO₂**. All areas were well below the OSHA/NIOSH limit of 5000 ppm and lower than the State of New Hampshire recommended guideline of 1,000 ppm for publicly occupied office buildings. We use this value as a reference for schools. Exposure to high levels of **CO₂** for prolonged periods could cause building occupants to become lethargic and generally uncomfortable. **CO₂** levels will rise over the course of the day especially in those areas which have a high occupancy. **CO₂ at these levels is a comfort as opposed to a health issue.**

Airborne Particulate Matter (Dust):

Dust monitoring is one aspect of air quality that an industrial hygienist can use to determine the amount of dust particles present in the workplace, cities or communities over a given period.

The Particulate Matter (PM) monitoring focused on measuring a range of particulate sizes in the air that are equal to or less than 10 micrometers (PM10) and equal to or less than 2.5 micrometers (PM2.5) in diameter (course dust and fine dust respectively), i.e., PM capable of penetrating the outer defenses of the respiratory tract, such as the mouth and nose, and can pass into the lungs based on PM size. PM air pollutants include but are not limited to soot, smoke, salts, metals, acids and soil and road dust. These pollutants are typically monitored along work site fence lines, industrial complexes, during wildfires, and high traffic areas (vehicle exhaust).

EPA's health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for PM10 is 150- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ and for PM2.5 is 35- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (measured as a 24-hours period concentration) for outdoor (ambient) air. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) for occupational exposure for respirable dust is 5- mg/m^3 (5,000- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) for a time-weighted average (8 hour) exposure. While the EPA NAAQS is an outdoor, ambient air standard, it is a useful reference guide for acceptable air quality in general with limits far below OSHA worker compliance requirement levels.

The TSI Q-Trak XP monitor used in this survey can measure PM simultaneously as PM10, PM2.5 and PM1, i.e., particles in the size range categories of 10, 2.5 and 1 micrometer diameter.

Levels of PM10 recorded in areas tested during the survey ranged from **1 to 7- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.001 to 0.007 mg/m³**. EPA's health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) recommended level for PM10 is **150- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.150-mg/m³**. All areas tested during the survey were below the EPA recommended level.

Levels of PM2.5 recorded in areas tested during the survey ranged from **1 to 4- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.001 to 0.004-mg/m³**. EPA's health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) recommended level for PM2.5 is **35- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.035-mg/m³**. All areas tested during the survey were below the EPA recommended level.

Direct reading PM monitors are not a reference method for OSHA compliance Respirable Dust testing. However, the direct reading instrument is useful in providing accurate order of magnitude evaluation of Respirable Dust levels.

Samples were collected for approximately 5 minutes at each test location and results/levels are not based on TWA (8-hour time weighted average).

Conclusions and Recommendations:

Indoor **RH** tests were lower than the recommended **RH** range of 40 to 60 %.

All remaining IAQ parameters tested were within the acceptable ranges.

Limitations and Conditions:

This report has been completed based on visual and physical observations made and information available at the time of the site visits. This report is intended to be used as a summary of available information on existing conditions with conclusions based on a reasonable and knowledgeable review of evidence found in accordance with normally accepted industry standards, state and federal protocols, and within the scope and budget established by the client. Any additional data obtained by further review must be reviewed by UEC and the conclusions presented herein may be modified accordingly.

This report and attachments, prepared for the exclusive use of Owner for use in an environmental evaluation of the subject site, are an integral part of the inspections and opinions should not be formulated without reading the report in its entirety. No part of this report may be altered, used, copied or relied upon without prior written permission from UEC, except that this report may be conveyed in its entirety to parties associated with Owner for this subject study.

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