MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

and

Independent Auditor's Report

MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board Mont Vernon, New Hampshire School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mont Vernon, New Hampshire School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mont Vernon, New Hampshire School District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefits on pages i-vi and 19-21 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Cluxan & Company PC Manchester, New Hampshire

Manchester, New Hampshire December 2, 2014

Presented herewith please find the Management Discussion & Analysis Report for the Mont Vernon, New Hampshire School District (the District) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The responsibility for accuracy of the data, the completeness and fairness of this documentation (including all disclosures) rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data contained herein is accurate in all material aspects. This report and its content have been designed to fairly present the District's financial position, including the results of operations of all the funds of the District. All the disclosures necessary to enable and to assist the reader in acquiring an accurate understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The District is responsible for establishing accounting and internal control structures designed to ensure that the physical, data, informational, intellectual, and human resource assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, and misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting information is maintained and reported in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Management also strives to ensure that these assets are put to good and effective use. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurances that these objectives are attained.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement 34.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of the following three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to most private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the remaining difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain the control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the District are included in two categories, governmental and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, our readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental activities Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

The District maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Federal Projects Fund, which are considered major funds. Data for the other governmental funds, such as the Food Service Fund, are combined into a single, aggregate presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriation budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Budgetary information has not been included in these financial statements for the Federal Projects Fund, as it is neither practical nor meaningful, as the awarded grants figures are not available at the time of the budget process.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the general School District's operating budget. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which is required to be disclosed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Financial Highlights

As of the close of the fiscal year, total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$863,513 (i.e., net position), a decrease of (\$28,343) from the previous fiscal year.

Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$181,558, an increase of \$26,377 from the previous fiscal year.

The General Fund shows an ending fund balance of \$172,288, an increase of \$40,956 from the previous fiscal year.

The Nonmajor Governmental Fund (Food Service Fund) shows an ending fund balance of \$9,270, a decrease of (\$14,579) from the previous fiscal year.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>
Capital and other assets:		
Capital assets, net	\$ 804,913	\$ 850,296
Other assets	635,510	536,989
Total Assets	1,440,423	1,387,285
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	<u> </u>
Long-term and other liabilities:		
Compensated absences	7,848	13,012
Other post-employment benefits	115,111	100,609
Other liabilities	451,713	379,211
Total Liabilities	574,672	492,832
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unearned grant revenue	11	10
Unearned food service revenue	2,228	2,587
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,239	2,597
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	804,913	850,296
Unrestricted	58,599	41,560
Total Net Position	\$ 863,512	\$ 891,856

Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 39,921	\$ 41,854
Operating grants and contributions	368,420	299,295
Total Program revenues	408,341	341,149
General revenues:		
Property taxes	3,362,844	3,476,388
State adequacy grant	831,064	968,239
Interest income	470	435
Miscellaneous	27,887	1,924
Total General revenues	4,222,265	4,446,986
Total Revenues	4,630,606	4,788,135
Expenses:		
Instruction	3,166,648	3,516,581
Supporting services	212,609	129,295
Instructional staff services	99,384	153,506
General administration	472,774	484,433
Operation and maintenance of plant	474,915	412,049
Pupil transportation	164,349	221,955
Food service	68,271	62,404
Total Expenses	4,658,950	4,980,223
Change in net position	(28,344)	(192,088)
Net position, beginning of year	891,856	1,083,944
Net position, end of year	\$ 863,512	\$ 891,856

Financial Analysis

Government-Wide

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, total net position was \$863,512, a decrease of (\$28,344) from the previous year. See page 4 of the Basic Financial Statements for a detailed reconciliation between the government-wide and fund financial statements change in net position.

The largest portion of net position \$804,913, reflects our investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay any outstanding debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The unrestricted net position balance of \$58,599, represents what is available to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances for all funds of \$181,558, an increase of \$26,377 when compared to last year. This includes a \$40,956 increase in the total fund balance of the General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District.

Fund Balances for the District may fall into one of the five following classifications – Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

Assigned Fund Balances account for the largest percentage of the total Fund Balance and includes \$17,623 in encumbrances, \$101,760 designated to offset the subsequent fiscal year tax rate and \$9,270 assigned for food service operations. The Committed Fund Balance includes Expendable Trusts balances of \$51,146. The Nonspendable Fund Balances include \$1,759 in prepaid expenses. Please see Note 11, Fund Balance Components, on page 17 for additional information.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budgetary information for the District's major governmental funds (General Fund only, see below) is included in the Required Supplementary Information section. The budgetary information is not presented for the Federal Projects Fund, as it is neither practical nor meaningful.

Actual revenues on the budgetary basis exceeded the budgeted amount by \$81,754. A significant portion of this difference is due to additional funds received for Catastrophic Aid and Medicaid Reimbursement. Actual expenditures on the budgetary basis were \$22,247 lower than expected. Savings were realized in all General Fund expenditure functions with the exception of supporting services. See Schedule 1 on page 19 for additional information.

Capital Assets

The District considers a capital asset to be an asset whose cost equals or exceeds \$5,000 and has a useful life of greater than two years. Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the course of their useful life. See Note 5 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information on the capital assets activity.

Long-Term Obligations

During fiscal year 2014 the District showed a decrease of \$5,165 in total long-term obligations for compensated absences payable. Other post-employment benefits had a net increase in potential future payments of \$14,502. See Note 8 and Note 9 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information on long-term obligations.

Contacting District's Financial Management

This financial report serves to provide our citizens and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need to get additional information, contact SAU #39 Business Office at 1 School Street – PO Box 849, Amherst, NH 03031-0849.

EXHIBIT A MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 534,648
Due from other governments	99,103
Prepaid expenses	1,759
Total Current Assets	635,510
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable capital assets	10,838
Depreciable capital assets, net	794,075
Total Noncurrent Assets	804,913
Total Assets	1,440,423
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	163,955
Accrued expenses	5,643
Due to other governments	282,115
Total Current Liabilities	451,713
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	7,848
Other post-employment benefits payable	115,111
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	122,959
Total Liabilities	574,672
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unearned grant revenue	11
Unearned food service revenue	2,228
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,239
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	804,913
Unrestricted	58,599
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 863,512</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

EXHIBIT B MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Revenue ges ition
ntal
es
182)
571)
532)
759)
578)
349)
638)
609)
844
064
470
887
265
344)
856
512
,8 ,2 ,2

EXHIBIT C MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Federal Projects <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 534,648			\$ 534,648
Due from other governments	63,481	\$ 33,332	\$ 2,290	\$ 99,103
Due from other funds	33,321	ф <i>33,332</i>	10,611	43,932
Prepaid expenses	1,759			1,759
Total Assets	633,209	33,332	12,901	679,442
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 633,209	\$ 33,332	\$ 12,901	\$ 679,442
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 163,805		\$ 150	\$ 163,955
Accrued expenses	5,643		• ••••	5,643
Due to other governments	280,862		1,253	282,115
Due to other funds	10,611	\$ 33,321	,	43,932
Total Liabilities	460,921	33,321	1,403	495,645
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned grant revenue		11		1.1
Unearned food service revenue		11	2 2 2 9	11
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			2,228	2,228
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>	2,228	2,239
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	1,759			1,759
Committed	51,146			51,146
Assigned	119,383		9,270	128,653
Total Fund Balance	172,288		9,270	181,558
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balances	\$ 633,209	\$ 33,332	<u>\$ 12,901</u>	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not				
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fu				804,913
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in th funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	ne			
Compensated absences payable				(7,848)
Other post-employment benefits payable				(115,111)
Net position of governmental activities				<u>\$ 863,512</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

EXHIBIT D MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Federal	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Projects	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 3,362,844			\$ 3,362,844
Intergovernmental	1,093,226	\$ 85,339	\$ 20,919	1,199,484
Charges for services			39,921	39,921
Interest income	470			470
Miscellaneous	27,287		600	27,887
Total Revenues	4,483,827	85,339	61,440	4,630,606
Expenditures:				
Current operations:				
Instruction	3.092.843	70,909		3,163,752
Supporting services	212,609			212,609
Instructional staff services	85,881	13,503		99,384
General administration	460,492	927		461,419
Operation and maintenance of plant	414,059			414,059
Pupil transportation	164,349			164,349
Food service			76,019	76,019
Capital outlay	12,638			12,638
Total Expenditures	4,442,871	85,339	76,019	4,604,229
Net change in fund balances	40,956	-	(14,579)	26,377
Fund balances at beginning of year	131,332	<u>-</u>	23,849	155,181
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 172,288</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 9,270</u>	<u>\$ 181,558</u>

Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	26,377
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		(45,383)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and other post-employment benefits, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(9,338)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>s</u>	(28,344)

EXHIBIT E MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

		Student Activities <u>Agency Fund</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$ 7,558 \$ 7,558	
Due to student groups Total Liabilities	LIABILITIES	\$ 7,558 \$ 7,558

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Mont Vernon, New Hampshire School District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local educational units of government, except as indicated hereinafter. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Mont Vernon, New Hampshire School District (the District) is an independent governmental entity organized under the laws of the State of New Hampshire to provide public education within the borders of the Town of Mont Vernon, New Hampshire. The District's legislative body is the annual deliberative session followed by balloting of registered voters within the Town and is governed by an elected School Board. Administrative Services are provided to the District by School Administrative Unit #39. The District has no other separate organizational units, which meet criteria for inclusion in the financial statements as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The

June 30, 2014

focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The District employs the use of two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Federal Projects Fund is used to account for the financial transactions related to various state and federal education grants and the related expenditures.

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The District maintains one fiduciary fund, an agency fund known as the Student Activities Agency Fund. The fund was established to account for revenues generated by student managed activities. The District's agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Position.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing

June 30, 2014

sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

1. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 2). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

2. Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unearned revenue.

3. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

The District's budget represents functional appropriations as authorized by District meetings. The school board may transfer funds between operating categories as they deem necessary. The District adopts its budget under State regulations, which differ somewhat from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the focus is on the entire governmental unit rather than on the basis of fund types.

State law requires balanced budgets but requires the use of beginning fund balance to reduce the property tax rate. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District applied \$68,045 of its unappropriated fund balance to reduce taxes.

Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure or intangible assets. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except for construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Years
Buildings and improvements	10-20
Machinery, equipment, and furnishings	5-20

Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation and sick leave as they provide services. Pursuant to the District's personnel policy and collective bargaining agreements, certain employees may accumulate (subject to certain limitations) unused vacation and sick pay earned and upon severance of employment, will be compensated for such amounts at current rates of pay.

June 30, 2014

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee death or retirement. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. General obligation bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances on any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balance Policy

Under GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* the District has segregated fund balance into five classifications: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These components of fund balance are defined as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can only be spent for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers or by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers or the enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority (the Annual District Meeting). Commitments may be changed or lifted only by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally. The action must be approved or rescinded, as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

June 30, 2014

- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the School Board or by an official or body to which the School Board delegates the authority.
- Unassigned Fund Balance: Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are • reported only in the General Fund, with the exception of any deficit fund balance of another governmental fund.

The School Board's policy is to return to the Town, any unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end, to be used to offset the subsequent fiscal year's tax rate.

Spending Prioritizations

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/ expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/ expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include depreciation expense and the liability for other post-employment benefits.

NOTE 2-PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes levied to support the Mont Vernon, New Hampshire School District are based on the assessed valuation of the prior April 1st for all taxable real property.

Under state statutes, the Town of Mont Vernon, New Hampshire (an independent governmental unit) collects School District taxes as part of local property tax assessments. As collection agent, the Town is required to pay over to the District its share of property tax assessments through periodic payments based on cash flow requirements of the District. The Town assumes financial responsibility for all uncollected property taxes under state statutes. For the year ended June 30, 2014, School District taxes were \$2,951,164 and State of New Hampshire Education taxes were \$411,680.

The District is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount at the fiscal year end, if any, is considered to be an "accounts receivable" since the revenue is both measurable and available.

June 30, 2014

NOTE 3—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District was a member of and participated in a public entity risk pool (Trust) for property and liability insurance and worker's compensation coverage. Coverage has not been significantly reduced from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Trust agreement permits the Trust to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in Trust assets to meet its liabilities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require members of pools with a sharing of risk to determine whether or not such assessment is probable and, if so, a reasonable estimate of such assessment. At this time, the Trust foresees no likelihood of an additional assessment for any of the past years. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Based on the best available information there is no liability at June 30, 2014.

Property and Liability Insurance

The Trust provides certain property and liability insurance coverage to member school districts, school administrative units, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. As a member of the Trust, the District shares in contributing to the cost of and receiving benefit from a self-insured pooled risk management program. The program includes a Self-Insured Retention Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered property, crime and/or liability loss that exceeds \$1,000, up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000. Each property loss is subject to a \$1,000 deductible. All losses over the aggregate are covered by insurance policies.

Worker's Compensation

The Trust provides statutory worker's compensation coverage to member school districts, school administrative units, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. The Trust is selfsustaining through annual member premiums and provides coverage for the statutorily required workers' compensation benefits and employer's liability coverage up to \$2,000,000. The program includes a Loss Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered claim.

NOTE 4—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District has combined the cash resources of its governmental funds. For accounting and reporting purposes, that portion of the pooled cash balance is reported in the specific fund as an interfund balance.

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 534,648
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	7,558
	\$ 542,206

Deposits and investments at June 30, 2014 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 542,206

The School District's investment policy for governmental funds requires that deposits and investments be made in New Hampshire based financial institutions that are participants in one of the federal depository insurance programs. The District limits its investments to certificates of deposit and deposits with the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP), an external investment pool, in accordance with New Hampshire State Law. Deposits for the Student Activities Agency Fund are at the discretion of the School Principal and Superintendent of Schools.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District's investment policy for assurance against custodial credit risk requires that all deposits and investments be covered by federal depository insurance, with any balance in excess of FDIC insurance limits collateralized.

Of the District's deposits with financial institutions at year end, \$766,554 was collateralized by securities held by the bank in the bank's name.

NOTE 5—CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 5,000	<u>\$ 10,838</u>	<u>\$ (5,000)</u>	<u>\$ 10,838</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,000	10,838	(5,000)	10,838
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	3,255,818	32,116		3,287,934
Machinery, equipment, and furnishings	209,115	33,739		242,854
Total other capital assets at historical cost	3,464,933	65,855		3,530,788
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(2,458,153)	(107,221)		(2,565,374)
Machinery, equipment, and furnishings	(161,484)	(9,855)		(171,339)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,619,637)	(117,076)	<u> </u>	(2,736,713)
Total other capital assets, net	845,296	(51,221)		794,075
Total capital assets, net	\$ 850,296	\$ (40,383)	\$ (5,000)	\$ 804,913

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,896
General administration	1,465
Operation and maintenance of plant	110,449
Food service	2,266
	\$ 117,076

NOTE 6—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the NHRS Board of Trustees. The plan provides service, disability, death and vested retirement allowances to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature. The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the NHRS. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District's contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2014 were 14.16% and 10.77% of covered payroll to teachers and general employees, respectively. The District contributes 100% of the employer cost for teachers and general employees of the District.

Under state law plan member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature and employer contribution rates are determined by the NHRS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial valuation. The District's contributions to the NHRS for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$163,196, \$141,153, and \$146,259, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 7-DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The District contributes to the Mont Vernon School District 457 Plan, a defined contribution plan established under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 457. The plan allows employees to defer income taxation on retirement savings into future years and is administered by the District. All employees of the District are eligible to make contributions to the plan. The plan has no required minimum contributions for employees. Under the terms of the plan, District contributions are only made on-behalf of the building administrator. The District will match 15% of contributions made by the building administrator, up to \$500. The District contributes an additional \$1,500 in lieu of additional long-term disability coverage for the building administrator. Contributions to the 457 Plan made by the plan members and the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were \$39,457 and \$2,000, respectively.

NOTE 8—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health care and life insurance benefits to its eligible retirees and their spouses. The District provides medical, prescription drug, mental health and substance abuse benefits, as well as life insurance, to retirees and their covered dependents. Retirees under the age of 65 have a choice for a medical insurance plan of Anthem Matthew Thornton Blue HMO and Anthem BCBS Blue Choice POS. Retirees over the age of 65 must enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan Medicomp III. To qualify for these benefits employees must meet one of the following eligibility requirements: age 60 or older with no minimum service requirement, age 50 with 10 years of service, or age plus service equals 70 with a minimum of 20 years of service. Retirees pay the full cost of the medical premium. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by RSA 100-A:50. As of July 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, approximately 5 retirees and 40 active employees meet the eligibility requirements. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Annual OPEB Costs

The District's fiscal 2014 annual OPEB expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid, on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of thirty years. The District's annual OPEB cost for the year ending June 30, 2014 including the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the change in the District's net OPEB obligation based on an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2011 is as follows:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	23,872
Interest on net OPEB obligation		4,024
Adjustment to ARC		(4,795)
Annual OPEB cost		23,101
Contributions made		(8,599)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		14,502
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		100,609
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$</u>	115,111

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

Fiscal			Percentage of				
Year	1	Annual	Annual OPEB	Ν	et OPEB	Covered	OPEB Cost
<u>Ended</u>	OF	PEB Cost	Cost Contributed	ted Obligation		Payroll	<u>% of Pay</u>
6/30/2014	\$	23,101	37.2%	\$	115,111	\$ 1,541,649	7.5%
6/30/2013	\$	22,030	21.8%	\$	100,609	\$ 1,504,048	6.7%
6/30/2012	\$	20,868	4.9%	\$	83,382	\$ 1,467,364	5.7%

The District's net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2014 is recognized as a liability in these financial statements.

Funded Status and Funding Progress for OPEB

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2011, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	75,911
Actuarial value of plan assets		-
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	<u>\$</u>	75,911
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0.0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 1	,467,364
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		5.2%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. The total cost of providing post-employment benefits is projected, taking into account assumptions about current claim cost, turnover, mortality, health care trends, and other actuarial assumptions. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for OPEB

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the District and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the District and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

For the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation the Entry Age Normal Method was used. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the District has not advance funded its obligation. The District employs the Pay-as-you-go Cash Basis to fund the plan. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return and an initial annual medical cost trend of 8.5% which decreases to a 5.0% long-term rate for all medical benefits after seven years. The amortization costs for the initial Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is a level percentage of payroll for a period of thirty years on a closed basis. This has been calculated assuming the amortization payment increases at a rate of 2.5% per year.

NOTE 9—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

June 30, 2014

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
Type	<u>July 1, 2013</u>	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2014	One Year
Compensated absences payable	<u>\$ 13,012</u>	<u>\$ 307</u>	<u>\$ (5,471</u>)	<u>\$ 7,848</u>	<u>\$</u>

Compensated absences payable will be paid from the General Fund.

NOTE 10—INTERFUND BALANCES

The District has combined the cash resources of its governmental funds. For accounting and reporting purposes, that portion of the pooled cash balance is reported in the specific fund as an interfund balance. Interfund balances at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

		I	Due from	
			Federal	
	General	I	Projects	
	Fund		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
g General Fund		\$	33,321	\$ 33,321
🛓 Nonmajor Governmental Fund	<u>\$ 10,611</u>			 10,611
င္ General Fund မွ Nonmajor Governmental Fund	<u>\$ 10,611</u>	\$	33,321	\$ 43,932

NOTE 11—FUND BALANCE COMPONENTS

The components of the District's fund balance for its governmental funds at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Fund Balances	General <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,759		\$ 1,759
Committed for:			
Expendable trusts	51,146		51,146
Assigned for:			
Encumbrances	17,623		17,623
Food Service Operations		\$ 9,270	9,270
Designated to offset subsequent fiscal year tax rate	101,760		101,760
	\$ 172,288	\$ 9,270	\$ 181,558

NOTE 12—COMMITMENTS

Transportation Contracts

The District entered into long-term contracts with independent bus companies during April 2009 and May 2009 to provide pupil transportation services and special education transportation services, respectively, through June 30, 2014. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District expended \$112,654 for pupil transportation and \$51,248 for special education transportation, under the terms of the agreements.

NOTE 13—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

The District participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

There may be various claims and suits pending against the District, which arise in the normal course of the District's activities. In the opinion of legal counsel and District management, any potential claims against the District, which are not covered by insurance are immaterial and would not affect the financial position of the District.

NOTE 14—IMPLEMENTATION OF FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which the District is required to implement in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Management believes that this pronouncement will have a potentially significant impact on the District's government-wide financial statements. The District will have to report its estimated proportional share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's unfunded pension liability in the financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

SCHEDULE 1 MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Danamaan	Budgeted Original	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>	
Revenues:	Ф 2 2 C2 0 4 4	¢ 2 2 C2 9 4 4	¢ 2 2 C 2 0 4 4	\$-	
Taxes	\$ 3,362,844	\$ 3,362,844	\$ 3,362,844		
Intergovernmental	1,018,143	1,018,143	1,093,226	75,083	
Interest income	1,000	1,000	455	(545)	
Miscellaneous	20,071	20,071	27,287	7,216	
Total Revenues	4,402,058	4,402,058	4,483,812	81,754	
Expenditures:					
Current operations:					
Instruction	3,296,814	3,170,496	3,093,225	77,271	
Supporting services	139,130	141,894	212,609	(70,715)	
Instructional staff services	124,001	96,581	85,881	10,700	
General administration	464,467	462,511	460,492	2,019	
Operation and maintenance of plant	242,535	434,005	431,300	2,705	
Pupil transportation	203,156	164,616	164,349	267	
Total Expenditures	4,470,103	4,470,103	4,447,856	22,247	
Excess revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(68,045)	(68,045)	35,956	104,001	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(83,045)	(83,045)	20,956	104,001	
Fund balance at beginning of year					
- Budgetary Basis	82,563	82,563	82,563		
Fund balance at end of year					
- Budgetary Basis	<u>\$ (482)</u>	<u>\$ (482)</u>	<u>\$ 103,519</u>	<u>\$ 104,001</u>	

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

SCHEDULE 2 MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefits For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Va	tuarial lue of <u>ssets</u>	A	ctuarial .ccrued lity (AAL)	Infunded AAL UAAL)	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
7/1/2008	\$	-	\$	93,811	\$ 93,811	0.0%	\$ 1,493,548	6.3%
7/1/2011	\$	-	\$	75,991	\$ 75,991	0.0%	\$ 1,467,364	5.2%

MONT VERNON, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2014

NOTE 1-BUDGET TO ACTUAL RECONCILIATION

Amounts recorded as budgetary amounts in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund (Schedule 1) are reported on the basis budgeted by the District. Those amounts differ from those reported in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Exhibit D). General Fund budgetary revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses were adjusted for non-budgetary revenues and expenditures, budgetary transfers out and encumbrances as follows:

	Revenues	Expenditures	
	and Other	and Other	
	Financing	Financing	
	Sources	Uses	
Per Exhibit D	\$ 4,483,827	\$ 4,442,871	
Non-budgetary revenues and expenditures	(15)	(12,638)	
Budgetary transfers out		15,000	
Encumbrances - June 30, 2014		17,623	
Per Schedule 1	\$ 4,483,812	\$ 4,462,856	

Major Special Revenue Fund

The District adopts its budgets under regulations of the New Hampshire Departments of Education and Revenue Administration which differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Consequently, budgetary information is not presented for the Federal Projects Fund, as the information is neither practical nor meaningful.

NOTE 2—SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In accordance with GASB Statement #45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the District is required to disclose the schedule of funding progress for each of the three most recent actuarial valuations. The District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement #45 during the year ended June 30, 2009. Accordingly, the funding progress has only been presented for the two most recent actuarial valuation reports. Additional disclosures will be made as the information becomes available.